NORTH AMERICAN SERVICE

DIRECTED TO (in whole or in part):

U.S.A., Canada, Central and South America, West Indies, S.W., Central, and North Atlantic.

DAILY: 21.15—02.45 Greenwich Mean Time (i.e., 4.15 p.m. —9.45 p.m. Eastern Standard Time)

HIGHLIGHTS IN THE PROGRAMMES

- (liable to alteration) -

GMT

21.15—21.30: 'London Calling' (Programme Summary); (except

Wednesdays, Thursdays, when 21.15-21.25)

21.45-21.50: The News

22.30—22.45: 'The Robinson Family' (except Saturdays, Sundays)

22.45—22.55: The News 23.45—23.55: The News

00.15-00.30: 'London Calling' (Sun. 00.00-00.15; Sat. 00.45

-01.00)

00.30-00.45: Radio Newsreel

00.45-01.00: Topical Talks (except Saturdays)

01.00-01.10: The News

01.10-01.15: The Daily Service (except Sundays)

02.30-02.35: The News

02.35-02.40: Survey of British Press

WEEKLY PROGRAMME SUMMARY: Saturday, 00.45 GMT

pick out a Service which is actually on the air at the time (see 2) you are tuning in. Then, from the table at the foot of the page, choose the column covering your own area, and the time of day and month at which you are listening. The wavebands thus given will be those on which you can get the programme you seek. The actual times of the programme itself

will be found in the time-table given for each Service.

(In short-wave long-distance broadcasting, climatic and other influences affect the efficiency of the various wavebands, which may thus become unsuitable at different times of year. It is difficult, therefore, to forecast what wavebands will be used, for any given Service, more than three of four months ahead. For this reason, this chart should not be regarded

HOW TO USE THIS CHART

1. At the head of each page, the areas reached by each Service are shown. To get the best reception, you should tune in to the service specially directed

to the part of the world where you are now. If the time at which you are

wanting to listen does not come within the period of that Service, you will

probably find that you can receive one of the other three Services. So

as a permanent guide, or as necessarily accurate beyond the period covered by each issue.)

2. All times given are Greenwich Mean Time. The time where you are will, of course, be quite different, so first make sure (if on board ship, ask your radio operator) how many hours you must add or subtract from the time by your clocks, to give you the time GMT at which any item you want is coming over to you.

3. The items shown in the time-table on the left do not, of course, represent the whole of a typical programme. All special and entertainment features, etc., for the North American service, are announced daily in the special items 'London Calling.'

TURN THE TUNING KNOB SLOWLY

Remember there are several wavelengths on each waveband; all of these are shown in the Waveband-Schedule overleaf.

The table on the right, specially prepared for overseas and maritime listeners, shows the short wavebands the BBC expects to be using to serve the areas shown, and their neighbouring waters, throughout the day, for the next four months.

(M,A,E, mean 'morning', 'afternoon', and 'evening', in your own local time)

монтн	LOCAL TIME	U.S.A. and CANADA	SOUTH AMERICA	CENTRAL AMERICA AND WEST INDIES
NOVEMBER 1946	М	16; 19; 31	11; 13; 16; 19	13;19
	Α	19; 25; 31	13; 19; 25; 31	16; 19; 25; 31
	E	31; 49	31; 41	31;49
DECEMBER 1946	М	16; 19; 31	13; 19; 25	13; 19; 25
	Α	19; 25; 31; 49	13; 19; 25; 31	16; 25; 31
	E	31; 49	31;41	31; 49
JANUARY 1947	М	13; 16; 19; 31	13; 19; 25	13; 19; 25
	Α	19; 25; 31; 49	13; 19; 25; 31	16; 25; 31
	Е	31;49	31;41	31; 49
FEBRUARY 1947	M	13; 16; 19; 25	11; 13; 16; 19	13;19
	Α	19; 25; 31; 49	11; 13; 19; 25	16; 19; 31
	E	31; 49	25; 31	31; 49

A LIST OF FREQUENCIES AND WAVELENGTHS FOR THE ABOVE WAVEBANDS WILL BE FOUND OVERLEAF